Procurement Pol	Procurement Policy	
Purpose	<ul> <li>To champion the responsible, sustainable, and ethical use of public money by fostering collaboration and enhancing the procurement expertise within Greater Wellington.</li> <li>The policy provides direction and guidance for all staff conducting procurement activities within and for Greater Wellington.</li> <li>The policy allows Greater Wellington to undertake procurement activities that result in public value.</li> <li>The policy ensures full probity across the procurement process.</li> <li>The policy enables the delivery of social procurement and our organisational frameworks and commitments.</li> </ul>	
Vision	Positive social, environmental, and cultural outcomes for our communities delivered through strategic and innovative procurement.	
Rationale	Undertaking effective procurement practices assists Greater Wellington to achieve its strategic objectives while achieving public value through the efficient, commercially prudent and risk aware procurement of goods and services.	
Policy Owner	Group Manager Corporate Services	
Responsibilities	<ul> <li>The Head of Legal &amp; Procurement and Manager Procurement roles are responsible for providing the strategic direction and decision making guidance necessary to support and deliver the Procurement Policy.</li> <li>The specialist Procurement Advisors within the Legal and Procurement Team will provide advice to ensure a fit for purpose process is followed.</li> <li>Greater Wellington People Leaders must ensure that their staff act in compliance with the Procurement Policy.</li> </ul>	
Application	<ul> <li>The procurement policy applies to internal Greater Wellington staff, temporary employees, contractors, subcontractors, any other person or body if they are procuring on Greater Wellington's behalf.</li> <li>Any deviations from this policy when conducting procurement activity must be approved by the Manager Procurement.</li> <li>The Procurement Policy must be read in conjunction with: <ul> <li>Procurement Toolkit</li> <li>Social Procurement Strategy</li> <li>Delegations Manual.</li> </ul> </li> <li>This Procurement Policy does not apply to: <ul> <li>Employment agreements including permanent and fixed term</li> <li>Grants and sponsorships</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

	<ul> <li>Payments to government and regulatory bodies</li> <li>Procurement undertaken by Council Controlled Organisations (as defined by the Local Government Act 2002)</li> <li>Treasury and financial instruments</li> <li>Land Acquisition</li> <li>Leasing of Greater Wellington owned property and leasing of property to Greater Wellington</li> <li>Koha. The Greater Wellington Koha Policy further defines Koha activity.</li> </ul>
Related Policy	Greater Wellington is guided by and operates consistently with the Government
and Legislation	Procurement Principles and where applicable, the Government Procurement
	Rules, but is not bound by them.
	For activities funded in any part by NZTA Waka Kotahi, the requirements of the
	NZTA Waka Kotahi Procurement Manual will apply as the base requirement.
	In a wider context the Greater Wellington Procurement Policy will apply in
	addition to the NZTA Waka Kotahi Manual.
	The policy enables the delivery of social procurement and our organisational
	frameworks, strategic objectives and commitments including:
	Te Tiriti o Waitangi     Ta M/LETILI
	Te Whāriki     To Matarau a Māuji Māori Economic Dovolonment Stratory
	<ul> <li>Te Matarau a Māui; Māori Economic Development Strategy</li> <li>Te Upoko o Te Ika a Māui Commitment</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Social Procurement Strategy</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Emissions Reduction Plan</li> </ul>
	Climate Emergency Action Plans
	<ul> <li>Mauri Tuhono</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the Transport Strategy and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the Long Term Plan.</li> </ul>
	Other policies relevant to the procurement policy are:
	All Financial Policies relevant to the procurement of goods and services
	and found in the Financial Policy Handbook, including the Instrument of
	Financial Delegation included in the <u>Delegation Manual</u>
	Emissions Reduction Policy
	Privacy Policy
	Conflict of Interest Policy
	Information Management Policy.
Effective Date	5 May 2025
Review Date	5 May 2026
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proved:	5 May 2025 Date:
ief Executive	

Approved:
Chief Executive

Procurement Po	Procurement Policy	
Purpose	The purpose of this policy is to establish and document the principles that will guide and inform Greater Wellington staff when making decisions in relation to the procurement of goods and services. This policy covers activity throughout the procurement lifecycle (plan, source, manage).	
Principles	<ul> <li>Greater Wellington's procurement process is guided by and consistent with the Government Procurement Principles and, where applicable, the Government Procurement Rules, but is not bound by them.</li> <li>In addition, Greater Wellington will run its procurement activity by the following principles: <ul> <li>Offering pragmatic solutions</li> <li>Acting with integrity</li> <li>Working together</li> <li>Achieving public value.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Policies	To ensure value for money over whole of lifeGreater Wellington will foster and encourage a viable and competitive supply market that provides goods and services now and into the future, ensuring public value.To enable good procurement practiceAll staff undertaking procurement activities must read and understand the Procurement Policy, the Procurement Toolkit, and attend any relevant training, prior to commencing a procurement activity. Staff should also be familiar with the Social Procurement Strategy and the Delegations Manual.The Procurement team is responsible for providing access to relevant tools, training and support for Greater Wellington staff to successfully deliver the policy.To enable procurement governance and oversight Greater Wellington managers must ensure that all staff who are authorised to represent Greater Wellington in the sourcing, administration, and 	
	<ul> <li>reproach.</li> <li>Fairness: All suppliers and bidders should be treated equitably during the procurement process. This involves ensuring that the</li> </ul>	

procurement process is free from unfair practices and actively
reviewing processes for accessibility by all. Fairness ensures that the
best value is achieved and that the process is competitive.
• Transparency: All procurement activities should be open and
transparent. This includes clear and accessible documentation of
processes, decisions, and criteria used in the selection and awarding
of contracts. Transparency ensures that all stakeholders have visibility
into how procurement decisions are made.
• Accountability: Individuals involved in procurement must be
accountable for their actions and decisions. This means having clear
roles and responsibilities, maintaining accurate records, and being
able to justify decisions if questioned. Accountability helps in
maintaining trust and confidence in the procurement process
• Confidentiality: Sensitive information provided by suppliers should be
kept confidential. This includes pricing, technical specifications, and
proprietary data. Maintaining confidentiality is crucial to protect the
interests of the bidders and to prevent any undue advantage or
disadvantage
<ul> <li>Conflict of interest: Procurement decisions are made without actual</li> </ul>
bias and any potential or perceived conflicts of interest are managed
appropriately. All Greater Wellington staff have a duty to put the
public interest above their personal and private interests, including
those of friends and families, when carrying out their official duties.
Please refer to the Conflict of Interest Policy.
To maintain good Record Keeping
Record keeping of procurement activities and decisions must be kept in
accordance with The Public Records Act 2005 and in accordance with normal
prudent business practice. Procurement records may be disclosed under the
Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act.
To enable Social Procurement
Social procurement is about the delivery of positive outcomes in addition to
the goods, and services being purchased. It means using our procurement
activity as a strategic lever to deliver benefits to our community aligned to
environmental, cultural, economic and social outcomes.
Greater Wellington's Social Procurement Strategy has three priority areas
<ul> <li>Decent Work (Living Wage, Human Rights, Quality Employment)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Supplier Diversity (Māori and Pasifika Business, Social Enterprise)</li> </ul>
• Environment (Emissions, Impact on Fresh Water and Biodiversity,
Circular Economy).
Alongside these priorities large or bespoke projects can build additional
context specific outcomes into a procurement. Additional outcomes may also

be requested by a funding partner or a mana whenua partner, or offered by a supplier bidding for work, and agreed to by Greater Wellington.
See the Social Procurement Strategy for more information on Greater Wellington's priority impact areas. See the Procurement Toolkit for detailed guidance on implementing social procurement.
To increase supplier diversity Greater Wellington recognises the importance of having a supply chain that reflects the Greater Wellington area. Greater Wellington will actively develop opportunities to increase our proportion of spending with diverse suppliers. Our priority groups are: • Māori business
<ul><li>Pasifika business</li><li>Social Enterprise</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Greater Wellington is a party to the 2020 Te Upoko o Te Ika a Māui</li> <li>Commitment. The Guiding Principles of this commitment are: <ul> <li>Inclusivity: Removing barriers that hinder Māori, Pasifika owned businesses and social enterprise from accessing and winning council contracts.</li> <li>Local supply chain resilience and long-term economic prosperity.</li> <li>Collaboration: Working with other councils in the Wellington region and advocating for supplier diversity and the benefits it creates in communities.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Greater Wellington procurement processes must reflect this commitment. Greater Wellington will continue to improve in these areas to increase the inclusivity of our supply chain.
Methods and approaches for increasing supplier diversity are detailed in the Procurement Toolkit. The Social Procurement Strategy details organisational spend targets for our priority groups.
<ul> <li>To run culturally responsive procurement processes and honour Te Tiriti o</li> <li>Waitangi</li> <li>Greater Wellington is dedicated to developing culturally responsive</li> <li>procurement processes that reflect mātauranga Māori and honour Te Tiriti o</li> <li>Waitangi. The following guiding principles will be considered during</li> <li>procurement activities, alongside considering the aspiration of our mana</li> <li>whenua partners.</li> <li>Kāwanatanga: Making decisions with Māori instead of on their behalf.</li> </ul>
Commit to act in utmost good faith. Engage in whanaungatanga (relationship building) with Māori

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Öritetanga: Ensuring equitable outcomes
Tino rangatiratanga: Māori can practice self-determination, by
ensuring adequate structural and pastoral support is in place to participate
Wairuatanga: Respect and protect Māori customs.
To pay a Living Wage
Greater Wellington is working towards Accredited Living Wage Employer
status through Living Wage Aotearoa.
All procurement for services that are In Scope for Living Wage must ensure that the people delivering services for Greater Wellington as part of a contract are paid a Living Wage. Suppliers who tender for contracts and work with Greater Wellington must commit to payment of the current Living Wage to their staff delivering the contract as a precondition to bidding for work. Suppliers do not need to be accredited themselves.
To uphold human rights and mitigate modern slavery and worker exploitation in the supply chain
Greater Wellington recognises the need to actively monitor the risk of modern
slavery in our supply chain. All procurement activity should consider the risk
of modern slavery occurring and put steps in place to monitor the risk, reduce the likelihood of it occurring, and remediate where slavery is found.
To reduce emissions
Greater Wellington is committed to reducing the organisation's emissions.
Procurement decisions must align with the <u>Emission Reduction Policy</u> and encourage options that avoid, reduce, or absorb carbon emissions to the greatest extent possible, in that order of priority.
Where practicable, contracts should require an emissions reduction plan and regular emissions reporting from suppliers.
To reduce impact on the physical environment
Procurement activity must consider the impact of any supplier activity on
water quality in a catchment area and any wider biodiversity impacts that must be mitigated.
To promote size where colutions for recourses
To promote circular solutions for resources Procurement activity should consider the ability to minimise use of raw
materials, including opportunities to reuse, repurpose and recycle materials used in procurement activity, including across projects. Procurements should prioritise the use of ecofriendly materials.

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	<ul> <li>To evaluate for social procurement</li> <li>All evaluation processes must have a weighting for social procurement which includes relevant weightings of Decent Work, Supplier Diversity and</li> <li>Environment where they are relevant to a procurement. The weighting for social procurement as a non-price attribute should be high enough to affect the outcome of a procurement against price. Support for evaluation and weighting options can be found in the Procurement Toolkit and through the Procurement Team. Exceptions: <ul> <li>Living Wage is a precondition rather than a weighted criterion</li> <li>The nature of some procurement where the positive outcomes delivered by the supplier are showcased throughout a response to tender, rather than limiting the response to select questions. This may be the case when working with diverse suppliers and/or in partnership with mana whenua</li> <li>Evaluation for environmental impact may be captured in the requirements or other weighted sections depending on the nature of the work. This should be considered at the project planning stage.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Definitions	For more information on these definitions see the Procurement Toolkit Living Wage An hourly pay rate designed to allow a person to live with dignity. It allows for the necessities of life including savings and participating in society. It is different to the minimum wage set by the government and is not managed by the government. It is not a maximum rate.
	<ul> <li>Māori Business</li> <li>Greater Wellington aligns with the definitions used and provided by Amotai and The Cabinet Economic Development Committee: <ul> <li>A business that has more than 50% ownership by people who whakapapa Māori (Māori genealogical lineage).</li> <li>A Māori Authority as defined by IRD</li> <li>A partnership where at least 50% of each class of partnership interest is owned by a Māori person(s) and that ownership is reflected in the partnership agreement.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Pasifika Business</li> <li>Greater Wellington aligns with the definition used and provided by Amotai: <ul> <li>A business that has more than 50% ownership by Pasifika peoples.</li> <li>A partnership where at least 50% of each class of partnership interest is owned by a Pasifika person(s).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<b>Modern Slavery</b> When an individual is exploited by others for personal or financial gain.

Whether tricked, coerced, or forced, they lose their freedom. This includes but is not limited to human trafficking, forced labour and debt bondage.
<b>Procurement</b> All aspects of acquiring and delivering goods, services and works. It starts with
identifying the need and finishes with either the end of a service contract or the end of the useful life and disposal of an asset.
Public value
Public value means the best available result for New Zealand for the money spent. It includes using resources effectively, economically and responsibly, and taking into account the procurement's contribution to the results you are trying to achieve, including any Social Procurement you are trying to achieve and the total costs and benefits of a procurement (total cost of ownership).
Social Enterprise
An organisation that trades to deliver its social, environmental and cultural purpose and reinvests profits into the delivery of its purpose.
Social Procurement/Broader Outcomes
Using procurement activity to deliver positive social, cultural and
environmental outcomes in addition to the goods, services or works being purchased. New Zealand Government Procurement and NZTA Waka Kotahi use the term Broader Outcomes for their four priority outcomes.
Supplier Diversity
Fostering inclusive economic development by encouraging organisations to purchase from businesses owned by historically marginalised groups. It can be traced back to the United States Civil Rights Movement of the 1960s.
Whole of Life
Considering cost across the lifespan of a good or service including the purchase price, all other expenses and benefits, internal staff cost and training, maintenance, decommissioning and disposal.